INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 17043

First edition 2010-02-01

Conformity assessment — General requirements for proficiency testing

Évaluation de la conformité — Exigences générales concernant les essais d'aptitude



Reference number ISO/IEC 17043:2010(E)

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2010

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

Contents

Forewo	ord	iv
Introductionv		
1	Scope	.1
2	Normative references	.1
3	Terms and definitions	
4	Technical Requirements	
4 4.1	General	
4.2	Personnel	
4.3	Equipment, accommodation and environment	
4.4	Design of proficiency testing schemes	
4.5	Choice of method or procedure	
4.6	Operation of proficiency testing schemes	
4.7	Data analysis and evaluation of proficiency testing scheme results	
4.8	Reports	
4.9	Communication with participants	
4.10	Confidentiality	15
5	Management requirements	15
5.1	Organization	15
5.2	Management system	
5.3	Document control	
5.4	Review of requests, tenders and contracts	
5.5	Subcontracting services	
5.6	Purchasing services and supplies	
5.7	Service to the customer	
5.8 5.9	Complaints and appeals	
5.9 5.10	Improvement	
5.11	Corrective actions	
5.12	Preventive actions	
5.13	Control of records	
5.14	Internal audits	
5.15	Management reviews	
Annex	A (informative) Types of proficiency testing schemes	24
Annex	B (informative) Statistical methods for proficiency testing	28
Annex	C (informative) Selection and use of proficiency testing	35
Bibliog	3ibliography3	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of conformity assessment, the ISO Committee on conformity assessment (CASCO) is responsible for the development of International Standards and Guides.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

Draft International Standards are circulated to the national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 17043 was prepared by the ISO Committee on conformity assessment (CASCO).

It was circulated for voting to the national bodies of both ISO and IEC, and was approved by both organizations.

This first edition of ISO/IEC 17043 cancels and replaces ISO/IEC Guide 43-1:1997 and ISO/IEC Guide 43-2:1997, which have been technically revised.

Introduction

Interlaboratory comparisons are widely used for a number of purposes and their use is increasing internationally. Typical purposes for interlaboratory comparisons include:

- a) evaluation of the performance of laboratories for specific tests or measurements and monitoring laboratories' continuing performance;
- b) identification of problems in laboratories and initiation of actions for improvement which, for example, may be related to inadequate test or measurement procedures, effectiveness of staff training and supervision, or calibration of equipment;
- c) establishment of the effectiveness and comparability of test or measurement methods;
- d) provision of additional confidence to laboratory customers;
- e) identification of interlaboratory differences;
- f) education of participating laboratories based on the outcomes of such comparisons;
- g) validation of uncertainty claims;
- h) evaluation of the performance characteristics of a method often described as collaborative trials;
- i) assignment of values to reference materials and assessment of their suitability for use in specific test or measurement procedures; and
- support for statements of the equivalence of measurements of National Metrology Institutes through "key comparisons" and supplementary comparisons conducted on behalf of the International Bureau of Weights and Measurement (BIPM) and associated regional metrology organizations.

Proficiency testing involves the use of interlaboratory comparisons for the determination of laboratory performance, as listed in a) to g) above. Proficiency testing does not usually address h), i) and j) because laboratory competence is assumed in these applications, but these applications can be used to provide independent demonstrations of laboratory competence. The requirements of this International Standard can be applied to many of the technical planning and operational activities for h), i) and j).

The need for ongoing confidence in laboratory performance is not only essential for laboratories and their customers but also for other interested parties, such as regulators, laboratory accreditation bodies and other organizations that specify requirements for laboratories. ISO/IEC 17011 requires accreditation bodies to take account of laboratories' participation and performance in proficiency testing. There is a growing need for proficiency testing for other conformity assessment activities, such as inspection or product certification. Most of the requirements in this International Standard apply to those evolving areas, especially regarding management, planning and design, personnel, assuring quality, confidentiality, and other aspects, as appropriate.

This International Standard has been prepared to provide a consistent basis for all interested parties to determine the competence of organizations that provide proficiency testing. In doing so it replaces both parts of ISO/IEC Guide 43:1997. ISO/IEC Guide 43 included not only guidance on development and operation of proficiency testing and selection and use of proficiency testing by laboratory accreditation bodies, but also useful descriptions of typical types of proficiency testing described in ISO/IEC Guide 43 and has retained in Annexes A to C information on typical types of proficiency testing schemes, guidance on appropriate statistical methods, selection and use of proficiency testing schemes by laboratories, accreditation bodies, regulatory bodies, and other interested parties.

Conformity assessment — General requirements for proficiency testing

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies general requirements for the competence of providers of proficiency testing schemes and for the development and operation of proficiency testing schemes. These requirements are intended to be general for all types of proficiency testing schemes, and they can be used as a basis for specific technical requirements for particular fields of application.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 17000:2004, Conformity assessment — Vocabulary and general principles

ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007, International vocabulary of metrology — Basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM)